(730 ILCS 110/16.1)

Sec. 16.1. Redeploy Illinois Program.

- (a) The purpose of this Section is to encourage the deinstitutionalization of juvenile offenders establishing pilot projects in counties or groups of counties that reallocate State funds from juvenile correctional confinement to local jurisdictions, which will establish a continuum of local, community-based sanctions and treatment alternatives for juvenile offenders who would be incarcerated if those local services and sanctions did not exist. The allotment of funds will be based on a formula that rewards local jurisdictions for the establishment or expansion of local alternatives to incarceration, and requires them to pay for utilization of incarceration as a sanction. This redeployment of funds shall be made in a manner consistent with the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 and the following purposes and policies:
 - (1) The juvenile justice system should protect the

community, impose accountability to victims and communities for violations of law, and equip juvenile offenders with competencies to live responsibly and productively.

- (2) Juveniles should be treated in the least restrictive manner possible while maintaining the safety of the community.
- (3) A continuum of services and sanctions from least restrictive to most restrictive should be available in every community.
- (4) There should be local responsibility and authority for planning, organizing, and coordinating service resources in the community. People in the community can best choose a range of services which reflect community values and meet the needs of their own youth.
- (5) Juveniles who pose a threat to the community or themselves need special care, including secure settings. Such services as detention, long-term incarceration, or residential treatment are too costly to provide in each community and should be coordinated and provided on a regional or Statewide basis.
- (6) The roles of State and local government in creating and maintaining services to youth in the juvenile justice system should be clearly defined. The role of the State is to fund services, set standards of care, train service providers, and monitor the integration and coordination of services. The role of local government should be to oversee the provision of services.
- (b) Each county or circuit participating in the pilot program must create a local plan demonstrating how it will reduce the county or circuit's utilization of secure confinement of juvenile offenders in the Illinois Department of Juvenile Justice or county detention centers by the creation or expansion of individualized services or programs that may include but are not limited to the following:
 - (1) Assessment and evaluation services to provide the juvenile justice system with accurate individualized case information on each juvenile offender including mental health, substance abuse, educational, and family information;
 - (2) Direct services to individual juvenile offenders including educational, vocational, mental health, substance abuse, supervision, and service coordination; and

- (3) Programs that seek to restore the offender to the community, such as victim offender panels, teen courts, competency building, enhanced accountability measures, restitution, and community service. The local plan must be directed in such a manner as to emphasize an individualized approach to providing services to juvenile offenders in an integrated community based system including probation as the broker of services. The plan must also detail the reduction in utilization of secure confinement. The local plan shall be limited to services and shall not include costs for:
 - (i) capital expenditures;
 - (ii) renovations or remodeling;
 - (iii) personnel costs for probation.

The local plan shall be submitted to the Department of Human Services.

- (c) A county or group of counties may develop an agreement with the Department of Human Services to reduce their number of commitments of juvenile offenders, excluding minors sentenced based upon a finding of guilt of first degree murder or an offense which is a Class X forcible felony as defined in the Criminal Code of 1961, to the Department of Juvenile Justice, and then use the savings to develop local programming for youth who would otherwise have been committed to the Department of Juvenile Justice. A county or group of counties shall agree to limit their commitments to 75% of the level of commitments from the average number of juvenile commitments for the past 3 years, and will receive the savings to redeploy for local programming for juveniles who would otherwise be held in confinement. For any county or group of counties with a decrease of juvenile commitments of at least 25%, based on the average reductions of the prior 3 years, which are chosen to participate or continue as pilot sites, the Redeploy Illinois Oversight Board has the authority to reduce the required percentage of future commitments to achieve the purpose of this Section. The agreement shall set forth the following:
 - (1) a Statement of the number and type of juvenile offenders from the county who were held in secure confinement by the Illinois Department of Juvenile Justice or in county detention the previous year, and an explanation of which, and how many, of these offenders might be served through the proposed Redeploy Illinois Program for which the funds shall be used;
 - (2) a Statement of the service needs of currently confined juveniles;
 - (3) a Statement of the type of services and programs to provide for the individual needs of the juvenile offenders, and the research or evidence base that qualifies those services and programs as proven or promising practices;
 - (4) a budget indicating the costs of each service or program to be funded under the plan;
 - (5) a summary of contracts and service agreements indicating the treatment goals and number of juvenile offenders to be served by each service provider; and
 - (6) a Statement indicating that the Redeploy Illinois

Program will not duplicate existing services and programs. Funds for this plan shall not supplant existing county funded programs.

- (d) (Blank).
- (e) The Department of Human Services shall be responsible for the following:
 - (1) Reviewing each Redeploy Illinois Program plan for compliance with standards established for such plans. A plan may be approved as submitted, approved with modifications, or rejected. No plan shall be considered for approval if the circuit or county is not in full compliance with all regulations, standards and guidelines pertaining to the delivery of basic probation services as established by the Supreme Court.
 - (2) Monitoring on a continual basis and evaluating annually both the program and its fiscal activities in all counties receiving an allocation under the Redeploy Illinois Program. Any program or service that has not met the goals and objectives of its contract or service agreement shall be subject to denial for funding in subsequent years. The Department of Human Services shall evaluate the effectiveness of the Redeploy Illinois Program in each circuit or county. In determining the future funding for the Redeploy Illinois Program under this Act, the evaluation shall include, as a primary indicator of success, a decreased number of confinement days for the county's juvenile offenders.
- (f) Any Redeploy Illinois Program allocations not applied for and approved by the Department of Human Services shall be available for redistribution to approved plans for the remainder of that fiscal year. Any county that invests local moneys in the Redeploy Illinois Program shall be given first consideration for any redistribution of allocations. Jurisdictions participating in Redeploy Illinois that exceed their agreed upon level of commitments to the Department of Juvenile Justice shall reimburse the Department of Corrections for each commitment above the agreed upon level.
 - (g) Implementation of Redeploy Illinois.
 - (1) Planning Phase.
 - Department of Human Services shall convene an oversight board to develop plans for a pilot Redeploy Illinois Program. The Board shall include, but not be limited to, designees from the

(i) Redeploy Illinois Oversight Board. The

shall include, but not be limited to, designees from the Department of Juvenile Justice, the Administrative Office of Illinois Courts, the Illinois Juvenile Justice Commission, the Illinois Criminal Justice Information Authority, the Department of Children and Family Services, the State Board of Education, the Cook County State's Attorney, and a State's Attorney selected by the President of the Illinois State's Attorney's Association.

- (ii) Responsibilities of the Redeploy Illinois
 Oversight Board. The Oversight Board shall:
 - (A) Identify jurisdictions to be invited in the initial pilot program of Redeploy Illinois.
 - (B) Develop a formula for reimbursement of

local jurisdictions for local and community-based services utilized in lieu of commitment to the Department of Juvenile Justice, as well as for any charges for local jurisdictions for commitments above the agreed upon limit in the approved plan.

- (C) Identify resources sufficient to support the administration and evaluation of Redeploy Illinois.
- $\,$ (D) Develop a process and identify resources to support on-going monitoring and evaluation of Redeploy Illinois.
- (E) Develop a process and identify resources to support training on Redeploy Illinois.
- $\ensuremath{(F)}$ Report to the Governor and the General Assembly on an annual basis on the progress of Redeploy Illinois.
- (iii) Length of Planning Phase. The planning
 phase may last up to, but may in no event last longer than, July
 1, 2004.
- (2) Pilot Phase. In the second phase of the Redeploy Illinois program, the Department of Human Services shall implement several pilot programs of Redeploy Illinois in counties or groups of counties as identified by the Oversight Board. Annual review of the Redeploy Illinois program by the Oversight Board shall include recommendations for future sites for Redeploy Illinois.

(Source: P.A. 93-641, eff. 12-31-03; 94-696, eff. 6-1-06; 94-1032, eff. 1-1-07.)